The Pyongyang Times

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The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung warmly shakes hands with His Excellency Moktar Ould Daddah who has come to visit our country

His Excellency Moktar Ould Daddah, President of the IRM, Pays State Visit to the DPRK

His Excellency Moktar Ould Daddah, President of the Islamic Republic of Mauritania, and Madame Daddah were on a state visit to our country on the invitation of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the State of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, from September 21 to 23.

His Excellency President Moktar Ould Daddah was accompanied by Dah Ould Sidi Haiba, President of the National Assembly; Sall Abdoul Aziz, Secretary for Organization and Information of the Mauritanian People's Party; Diop Mamadou Amadou, Minister of Rural Development, and his wife; Abdallahi Ould Daddah, Minister of Equipment, and his wife; Ba Mamadou Alassane, Minister of Youth and Sports; Madame Toure Alssata Kane, President of the Supreme Council of Women; Cheikh Malainine Robert, General Secretary of the Mauritanian Workers' Union; Mohamed Ould Sidiali, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the IRM to the DPRK, and others.

Arrival in Pyongyang

On September 21, Pyongyang, the capital of the revolution, was bedecked in a festive attire to welcome His Excellency President Moktar Ould Daddah and his party.

The people of various strata, youth and students in the capital thronged from early morning into the airport and streets.

Put up with due respect at the airport crowded with thousands of welcomers were a portrait of the great leader of our Party and people Comrade Kim Il Sung and a portrait of His Excellency Moktar Ould Daddah, President of the IRM. Seen on either side of the portraits were streamers bearing the words: "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" and "Long live His Excellency Moktar Ould Daddah, President of the Islamic Republic of Mauritania!"

In front of the rows of welcomers stood the panels bearing the words: "Warm welcome to the goodwill mission of the Mauritanian people!", "Warm welcome to His Excellency President Moktar Ould Daddah!" "Long live the militant friendship and solidarity between the Korean and Mauritanian peoples!", "Long live the friendship and solidarity among the Asian, African and Latin American peoples!" and "Long live the friendship and solidarity among the peoples of third world's countries!"

Before the arrival of the guests, the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the State of the DPRK, came out to the airport.

Present there were Comrades Pak Sung Chul, Kim Dong Gyu, Choe Jae U, Ho Dam and Chong Jun Gi, Chairman Hwang Jang Yop of the Standing Committee of the Supreme People's Assembly, Chairmen of Committees and Ministers of the Administration Council, leading functionaries of working people's organizations, leading functionaries of power organs of Pyongyang, generals of the Korean People's Army, leading personnel in science, education, culture, art and the press, and Kim Sung Hyok, DPRK Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to the Islamic Republic of Mauritania.

Also on hand were diplomatic envoys of foreign countries in Pyongyang.

At 11 a.m., the special plane carrying the friendship mission of the Mauritanian people touched down.

At the moment the band struck up the welcome music, and the crowds burst into cheers in warm welcome of the guests.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung firmly shook hands with His Excellency President Moktar Ould Daddah and warmly hugged him, and exchanged greetings with his entourage.

Little children presented bunches of fragrant flowers to the leader, His Excellency President and his entourage.

A grand welcome ceremony was held at the airport.

The national anthem of Mauritania and the Patriotic Song of our country were played and a 21-gun salute was fired.

In company with the leader, His Excellency President reviewed a guard of honour of the three services of the Korean People's Army.

Warmly responding to the enthusiastic cheers of the welcomers, the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and His Excellency President Moktar Ould Daddah got into a car and headed for the city.

The Pyongyang streets were crowded with hundreds of thousands of welcomers. The car carrying the leader and His Excellency President, followed by a motorcade carrying other Mauritanian guests, drove over the streets. Welcomers accorded a most hearty welcome to them.

Courtesy Call

His Excellency President Moktar Ould Daddah and Madame Daddah paid a courtesy call on the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and his wife on the afternoon of September 21.

Present on the occasion were the entourage of President Moktar Ould Daddah.

Also on hand there were many cadres of our country.

The leader had a talk with His Excellency President in a cordial atmosphere overflowing with militant friendship.

Welcome Banquet

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the State of the DPRK, gave a grand banquet at the Mansudae Assembly Hall on the evening of the 21st in honour of His Excellency President Moktar Ould Daddah and Madame Daddah.

Invited to the banquet were President Moktar Ould Daddah, Madame Daddah and his entourage.

Cadres of our country were also present.

Foreign diplomatic envoys in Pyongyang were invited to the banquet.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung made a welcome speech, fol-

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The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the State of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, sent a personal letter to Houari Boumedienne, President of the Council of Revolution and Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the Algerian Democratic and People's Republic and Chairman of the Fourth Summit Conference of Non-Aligned States. The personal letter reads:

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His Excellency HOUARI BOUMEDIENNE

President of the Council of Revolution
Chairman of the Council of Ministers
Algerian Democratic and People's Republic

Algiers

Your Excellency respected President,

Much pleased with the relations of friendship and cooperation developing satisfactorily in many fields day by day between our two countries, I extend warm fraternal greetings to Your Excellency.

In the capacity of the Chairman of the Fourth Summit Conference of Non-Aligned States, Your Excellency continue with your energetic activities to defend independence and sovereignty of the third world countries and achieve the victory of our common cause.

I have learned through the press that Your Excellency sent messages to the Heads of State of the socialist countries and the Heads of State and Government of the non-aligned countries on September 11 on the matter of discussing the Palestinian question by placing it on the agenda of the United Nations General Assembly this year and of restoring the lawful rights of the Royal Government of National Union of Cambodia in the UN.

We fully support the just initiative of Your Excellency manifested in those messages.

I take this opportunity to reaffirm that the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Korean people will actively support and encourage the just cause of the Palestinian people and the Cambodian people for driving out the imperialist aggressors and their stooges and achieving national liberation and territorial integrity and will always stand firm on their side.

The non-alignment movement for which Your Excellency is bending much efforts today has a great influence upon the struggle against all forms of aggression and interference, subjugation and inequality and for the attainment of peace and fair solution of the international problems.

We marked some time ago the first anniversary of the historic 4th Non-Aligned Summit Conference held in your country.

The Conference was an event of epochal significance in the struggle of the third world people against imperialism, colonialism and racism and for national liberation and sovereignty, peace and social progress.

Your Excellency President conducted brisk activities so that a correct resolution on putting an end to the interference of the foreign forces in the internal affairs of Korea, forcing all the foreign troops occupying south Korea to withdraw, dissolving the "United Nations Commission for the Unification and Rehabilitation of Korea" and smashing the "two Koreas" plot of the imperialists could be adopted at the 4th Non-Aligned Summit Conference. And in connection with the placing of the Korean question on the agenda of the UN General Assembly Session last year and its discussion, Your Excellency sent messages to the Heads of the non-aligned states appealing to them to actively support the struggle of the Korean people for the country's independent and peaceful reunification in conformity with this resolution.

This support of Your Excellency was a powerful inspiration to our people in the struggle for the country's reunification and was a heavy blow to the imperialists and their stooges trying to perpetuate the division of Korea.

The Algerian people, the closest comrade-in-arms advancing shoulder to shoulder with the Korean people on the anti-imperialist common front, extend sincere support to our people's righteous struggle for national reunification, regarding our cause as their own.

We express the hope that Your Excellency and your Government will direct deep attention also to the discussion of the Korean question at the 29th UN General Assembly Session this year and take steps necessary for supporting the cause of our people for national reunification.

Availing myself of this opportunity, I express deep thanks to the Government of the Algerian Democratic and People's Republic and the governments of the non-aligned countries for their invariable, active support and solidarity for the line of national reunification of the Government of our Republic and the struggle of our people to realize it.

We believe that with the support of the friends of Algeria and various friendly countries, a greater victory will be won this year in the struggle for the withdrawal of the US troops occupying south Korea under the name of the UN forces.

When the peoples of the third world countries firmly unite and resolutely fight the imperialists, supporting each other and cooperating with each other, they can well smash the latter's manoeuvres of aggression and interference and win the final victory of our common cause.

The Korean people will, in the future, too, wage a powerful struggle against imperialism and colonialism, in firm unity with the peoples of all the third world countries and strengthen militant friendship and solidarity with them.

I wholeheartedly wish Your Excellency greater success in your responsible work for the prosperity and development of Algeria and the strengthening and development of the non-alignment movement.

Please accept my loftiest considerations.

KIM IL SUNG

President
Democratic People's Republic of Korea

Pyongyang, September 20, 1974

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the State of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, sent a message to Gnassingbe Eyadema, President of the Republic of Togo, in connection with the decision of the Central Committee of the Rally of the Togolese People whereby, the Government of the Republic of Togo severed diplomatic relations with the south Korean puppet clique on September 17. The message reads:

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His Excellency GNASSINGBE EYADEMA

President
Republic of Togo

Lome

I heard the news that the Government of the Republic of Togo on September 17 severed diplomatic relations with south Korea under the decision of the Central Committee of the Rally of the Togolese People.

Highly praising this determined step of the Government of the Republic of Togo as a just one reflecting the powerful trend of the present era—the advance along the road of independence against imperialism and colonialism—the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea warmly welcomes it.

This decision of Togo is a natural outcome of the independent policy maintained by the Rally of the Togolese People and the Government of the Republic of Togo headed by you and a signal step toward strengthening the militant solidarity between the Korean and Togolese peoples.

Today the Republic of Togo is making a great contribution to promoting the common cause of the peoples of Africa and the third world by pursuing a correct policy of opposing imperialism, colonialism and racism and actively supporting and encouraging the liberation struggle of the people, and her international prestige is rising day by day.

The Korean people are very happy to have such courageous and steadfast comrades-in-arms as the Togolese people on the African continent and are bending all their efforts to strengthen friendship and solidarity with them.

The bold step taken by the Republic of Togo this time is a great support and encouragement to the Korean people who are struggling to put an early end to the national split and achieve the independent and peaceful reunification of the country.

The Korean people will certainly accomplish the cause of peaceful national reunification with the active support and encouragement of the third world people including the Togolese people and the peace-loving people of the whole world.

Noting with deep satisfaction that the relations of friendship and cooperation between the two countries have entered the stage of allround efflorescence and development since the historical visit of Your Excellency President to our country, I wholeheartedly wish that your people will attain greater success in the struggle for the independent development of the country in the future under the correct leadership of Your Excellency and you will enjoy good health.

KIM IL SUNG

President
Democratic People's Republic of Korea

Pyongyang, September 20, 1974

TELEGRAMS

✦ The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the State of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received a message of greetings from Comrade **Josip Broz Tito**, Chairman of the Yugoslav League of Communists and President of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, on the occasion of the 26th anniversary of the founding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the CC of the WPK and President of the State of the DPRK, and Comrade **Kim Il**, Premier of the DPRK Administration Council, received a message of greetings from **Nguyen Huu Tho**, President of the Presidium of the Central Committee of the South Viet Nam National Front for Liberation and President of the Advisory Council of the Provisional Revolutionary Government of the Republic of South Viet Nam, and **Huynh Tan Phat**, President of the Provisional Revolutionary Government of the RSVN, on the occasion of the 26th founding anniversary of the DPRK.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the State of the DPRK, received messages of greetings on the occasion of the 26th founding anniversary of the DPRK from: **Julius K. Nyerere**, President of the United Republic of Tanzania; Lieutenant Colonel **Ibrahim Mohamed Al Hamdi**, Chairman of the Guidance Council of the Yemen Arab Republic; **Ahmed Sekou Toure**, President of the Republic of Guinea; **Kenneth David Kaunda**, President of the Republic of Zambia; and **Dominic Mintoff**, Prime Minister of the State of Malta.

✦ The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the CC of the WPK and President of the State of the DPRK, and Comrade **Kim Il**, Premier of the DPRK Administration Council, sent a message of greetings to Comrade **Todor Zhivkov**, First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Bulgarian Communist Party and President of the State Council of the Bulgarian People's Republic, and Comrade **Stanko Todorov**, Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the BPR, on the occasion of the 30th anniversary of the victory of the socialist revolution in Bulgaria.

✦ The respected and beloved leader Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, President of the State of the DPRK, sent a telegram of sympathy to Comrade **Josip Broz Tito**, President of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, in connection with the recent train accident at the Zagreb station.

The Respected and Beloved Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG Receives Foreign Guests

Argentine Journalists Delegation

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the State of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received on September 18 the delegation of Argentine journalists on a visit to our country.

Present on the occasion were the members of the delegation headed by Carlos Ruben Valdes, Secretary General of the Association for the Exchange of Culture and Press Media of Latin America.

Also present there were Comrade Kim Yong Nam and personages concerned Kim Gwan Sop and Kim Si Hak.

Warmly welcoming the visit of the delegation of Argentine journalists to our country, the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung extended thanks to Her Excellency President Maria Estela Martinez de Peron for having sent the delegation. The leader had a conversation with the guests in a cordial and friendly atmosphere.

Saying that they could not find words to express their emotion of being received by the great leader, the guests expressed deep thanks to the leader for personally granting an audience to them despite much claims on his time.

The guests said that His Excellency respected President Kim Il Sung founded the great Juche idea and has led the revolution to victory on its basis, thereby building the Democratic People's Republic of Korea as a model country.

Noting that the doctrine of Juche founded by His Excellency President Kim Il Sung is a theory of universal significance which is applicable not only to Korea but also to the world as a whole and the third world people need the Juche idea, the guests said: **Back home we will widely propagate the great Juche idea in Latin America and wherever we may go.**

Referring to the excellent impression left by the visit of Her Excellency President Maria Estela Martinez de Peron to our country and his pleasure of meeting the Argentine juvenile delegation personally sent by Her Excellency President some time ago, the leader asked the guests to convey his warm greetings to Her Excellency President.

The leader expressed thanks to the Argentine people for rendering active support to our people's just cause. He spoke of the need to continuously strengthen and develop

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The International Prestige of the Islamic Republic of Mauritania Is Rising Daily Thanks to the Brilliant Successes Made in the Struggle to Create a New Life

Speech of Comrade KIM IL SUNG

At Banquet Given in Honour of Mauritanian President

Your Excellency esteemed Mr. President Moktar Ould Daddah and Madame Marieme Daddah,
Esteemed guests from Mauritania,
Dear comrades and friends,

Today we are very happy to meet again after a long time and sit together like this with Your Excellency Mr. President Moktar Ould Daddah, a prominent political figure of Africa, the outstanding leader of the Mauritanian people and our close friend, and Madame Marieme Daddah.

Allow me, at this place overflowing with friendly feelings, to warmly welcome, in the name of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the entire Korean people, Your Excellency Mr. Moktar Ould Daddah, President of the Islamic Republic of Mauritania, Madame Marieme Daddah and other guests from Mauritania.

This time Your Excellency Mr. President and your wife have again come to our country together. This is an expression of your deep trust in and warm friendship towards us and constitutes a great support and inspiration to our people.

The Korean people and the Mauritanian people have firmly established mutual fidelity as comrades-in-arms and brothers through the common struggle against imperialism and colonialism and for the independent development of their respective countries.

Your Excellency Mr. President Moktar Ould Daddah have played the role of a pioneer in paving the road of friendship between our two countries.

In 1964 Your Excellency Mr. President resolutely broke off diplomatic relations between Mauritania and south Korea and established diplomatic relations with the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. This marked a new stage in the development of friendly relations between our two countries.

The south Korean "regime" has now become an orphan forsaken from within and without as a traitorous fascist regime fabricated illegally by US imperialism and our Republic is winning victory after victory with each passing day on the world scene as the sole legitimate sovereign state of the Korean people. This vividly shows that Your Excellency Mr. President were quite right in taking that courageous decision ten years ago.

Your Excellency Mr. President personally visited our country in 1967, which marked an occasion of historic significance in the development of the relations between Korea and Mauritania; and last year Madame Marieme Daddah paid a visit to our country, further deepening the ties of friendship between the two countries.

As our genuine friend Your Excellency Mr. President have always actively supported and encouraged the just struggle of the Korean people for the independent, peaceful reunification of the country in the international arena, regarding our cause as your own and have done a lot of work to strengthen the international solidarity with our revolution.

Our people highly appreciate the distinguished services rendered by Your Excellency Mr. President for the development of the relations of fraternal friendship between the two countries.

The revisit to our country by Your Excellency Mr. President this time constitutes an epochal event in deepening the mutual understanding between the two countries and bringing their friendly and cooperative relations into fuller blossom.

The Mauritanian people won national independence through a long-drawn arduous struggle against the imperialist colonial rule.

After the independence the diligent and valiant Mauritanian people, under the correct leadership of Your Excellency Mr. President Moktar Ould Daddah, their prominent leader, have made big progress in the work to consolidate the political independence of the country, lay a foundation for economic independence, develop national culture and strengthen national unity in accordance with the principle of regaining all the national identities.

Especially, the Mauritanian people are successfully overcoming a continuous spell of several years of severe natural calamity, displaying the revolutionary fighting spirit.

Pursuing the policy of non-alignment in the external activity, the Government of Mauritania is rendering firm support to the liberation struggle of the peoples of many African countries and the cause of the Palestinian people and other Arab peoples, making active efforts for a just solution to the question of the Spanish Sahara and fighting to promote the anti-imperialist common cause of the third world's peoples.

Today the looks of Mauritania are radically changing and the international prestige of the Islamic Republic of Mauritania is rising daily thanks to the brilliant successes made by the Mauritanian people in the struggle to create a new life.

The Korean people rejoice, as over their own, over all the successes made by the fraternal Mauritanian people and express full support to and firm solidarity with their sacred struggle to firmly safeguard the sovereignty of their country and achieve national prosperity.

Esteemed guests,

The struggle being waged by the peoples of Korea and Mauritania for the common goal and ideal constitutes the common cause of the third world's people.

Our people are now waging a vigorous "speed campaign", mobilized in the grand socialist construction to fulfil the Six-Year Plan ahead of schedule and conquer a higher eminence of socialism upholding the banner of the three revolutions—ideological, technical and cultural—set forth by the Party, and are dynamically fighting to achieve the independent, peaceful reunification of the country.

The struggle of our people for building socialism and reunifying the fatherland is part of the international revolutionary movement and is developing in the midst of the common struggle of the peoples the world over for peace, democracy, national independence and socialism.

Today the international solidarity with our revolution is being strengthened as never before and the general situation is daily turning more and more in favour of us.

Imperialism keeps going downhill and the formerly humiliated and oppressed peoples of the third world have taken the place on the stage of history as a powerful anti-imperialist revolutionary force of our times and are vigorously advancing along the road of independence.

The current visit of Your Excellency Mr. President to our country coincided with the first anniversary of the Fourth Summit Conference of Non-Aligned States held in Algeria.

The Fourth Summit Conference of Non-Aligned States was a historic event which fully reflected the main trend of the development of our times that imperialism is going to ruin and the liberation struggle of the peoples is winning victory.

In addition to its declaration, the Summit Conference unanimously adopted a resolution fully supporting our people's cause of national reunification. This was a source of powerful inspiration to our people and a telling blow at US imperialism and its stooges who are obstructing Korea's reunification.

The measures taken by the Summit Conference of Non-Aligned States as regards the Korean question are still today exerting a great influence on the international arena.

I would like to avail myself of this opportunity to offer my warm thanks to Your Excellency Mr. President and the government and people of Mauritania for the invariable, active support and encouragement rendered by the government and people of Mauritania to the just struggle of our people for the independent, peaceful reunification of our fatherland, and at the same time, express my profound gratitude to the non-aligned states for their positive support and encouragement to our cause of national reunification.

In the past year since the Fourth Summit Conference of Non-Aligned States, the peoples of the third world have displayed a great force in their common struggle to completely sweep imperialism, colonialism and racism off the surface of the globe, destroy all sorts of old international conventions and establish a new international order based on the principles of complete equality and independence.

The imperialists are becoming more and more impotent in face of the great united strength of the third world's peoples who have tightly held their destiny in their hands.

The recent conclusion of an agreement on the independence of Mozambique in the wake of the complete independence of Guinea-Bissau in Africa is another great victory won by the national liberation movement of Africa.

This shows that the last bulwark of colonialism is crumbling in Africa and that the day of complete liberation of this continent is drawing nearer.

In Asia and Latin America, too, imperialism is living the last moment of its days.

If they fight in firm unity, the peoples of the third world will be able to ward off any aggression and interference of the imperialists and drive them into the quagmire of final ruin.

We will, in the future, too, advance in firm unity with the peoples of socialist countries, the peoples of the third world's countries and all the progressive peoples of the world for the victory of anti-imperialist common cause and strongly support and encourage the struggle of all the peoples against imperialism and colonialism.

Dear comrades and friends,

Today it is our great happiness to have such steady comrades-in-arms as the Mauritanian people on the African continent.

I hope the Mauritanian guests will spend pleasant and fruitful days with us during their stay in our country, and propose a toast:

to the indestructible friendship and solidarity between the Korean people and the Mauritanian people;

to the prosperity and progress of the Islamic Republic of Mauritania;

to the unity of the peoples in Asia, Africa, Latin America and the rest of the world;

to the health of Your Excellency esteemed Mr. President Moktar Ould Daddah and Madame Marieme Daddah;

to the health of the Mauritanian guests;

to the health of diplomatic envoys of various countries and their wives; and

to the health of all comrades and friends present here.

We Will See Here the Infinitely Fruitful Creativeness Displayed in the Building of the Prosperous Korean Society on the Basis of the Celebrated Idea of Juche

Speech of President MOKTAR OULD DADDAH

At Banquet Given in His Honour

Mr. President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea,
Madame,

I express to you, in the name of my wife and the delegation accompanying me, and in my own name, sincerest thanks for the particularly warm welcome and so cordial hospitality which you have the goodness to reserve for us. The ample expression of such friendship is clear proof of the vitality of the ties linking our two peoples, the vitality to which you have already furnished another vibrant testimony notably at the time of the unforgettable visit paid by me to your beautiful country in 1967 and, more recently, on the occasion of the visit of my wife here one year ago upon the invitation of your charming, courageous and so generous companion, Madame Kim Song Ae.

Allow me to recount you, Excellency, how deeply our people, Party and government are moved by these sentiments for us and reaffirm the particular importance which they attach to the consolidation of this friendship.

The reasons are multiple and profound. They are, above all, the immense esteem which they have for you, Mr. President Kim Il Sung, for having liberated your beloved fatherland with heroic action from the yoke of imperialism and, with your genius, made the Democratic People's Republic of Korea a model which arouses admiration and respect.

I have told about the brilliant work you have accomplished. **We will see here the magnificent illustration of the elevated consciousness which you have inculcated in the minds of the Korean people and the infinitely fruitful creativeness which you have infused into them on the basis of the celebrated idea of Juche, the concretisation of which has brought in such a short period not only the reconstruction of the country, but also the building of this free, democratic and prosperous Korean society as we see it today.**

I would like to tell you, Mr. President, that, along a course which history, no doubt, wants to be different, our people, all of them mobilised around their Party, the Mauritanian People's Party, are also striving to realise the same noble objectives.

Like you, in fact, we never bargain over our independence and our sovereignty which we are re-establishing in all the domains of our national life. And like you, we are striving to develop a prosperous and dynamic economy relying, above all, on our own efforts. Like you we, lastly, are striving to create a fully democratic society which will assure the integral flowering of the Mauritanians. **And we are particularly honoured to be able to count, in our efforts, on such friend as you, Mr. President, and, through your respected person, on the friendship and cooperation of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the Workers' Party of Korea, and Government.**

Expressing, in this regard, our profound satisfaction over the precious aid and assistance in the essential domains of construction in our country, I underline our allout efforts for reinforcing still further the cooperation which unites our two countries.

In this regard, I extend particular felicitations to the Korean experts who are rendering their cooperation to our Ministry of Youth and Sports at a moment when our Party had decided to reorganise our youth, who assume no small mission in the revalorisation of our national culture.

I have just referred to the prestige enjoyed by the work you have accomplished. I would like to add to this our esteem for the contribution which you have always made to the struggle of the world's people for the restoration of their rights to existence, freedom and independence.

And so brilliant contribution made by you, in this regard, proves that you have demonstrated to the world that no power can vanquish a people determined to tightly hold their destiny. This proof assures us of the value of a law, as attested to by the decisive victories brought, before our eyes, by the patriotic forces of Cambodia and South Viet Nam, mobilised respectively around the National United Front of Kampuchea and the Royal Government of National Union of Cambodia led by Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, and around the National Front for Liberation and Provisional Revolutionary Government.

In Africa the victorious liberation struggle of patriotic movements of Guinea-Bissau and the Cape Verde Islands, Angola and Mozambique has led to dismantling of the Portuguese Empire, the inevitability of which has been recognized and assumed with courage by the people and new government of Portugal. We say that this victorious struggle is another clear confirmation of this law.

We are firmly convinced that despite the formidable difficulties confronting the peoples of South Africa, Namibia and Zimbabwe, they will put an end to the barbaric exploitation and abject oppression by the white racist minority.

We are fully convinced that in the Arab Middle East where Zionism has tried with all its historical blindness to deny the indefeasible national rights of the Palestinian people whom it chased out of their homeland and is scheming to perpetuate the occupation of other Arab territories it has occupied through aggression, the determination of the Palestinian resistance led by the Palestinian Liberation Organisation and the Arab states which are victims of Zionist expansionism will surely bring victory of the Arab just cause, as it is the reason of history.

We must admit that Sahara under the Spanish domination, the northern part of Mauritania, cannot be an exception to this reason of history.

In spite of the colonial barrier, for the multiple links uniting our people and our Saharan brothers, Sahara has never been separated from the rest of the country.

It is urgent, therefore, to let the inhabitants in this region freely make a choice.

This is the purport of the organization of referendum demanded since 1965 by the United Nations Organization to be held under its control, with a view to allowing the population of Spanish Sahara to freely choose its destiny on the principle of self-determination.

I stress that the Organization of African Unity, the group of non-aligned states and the Conference of Islamic States have unanimously supported the efforts bent by the United Nations Organization to accelerate the decolonization in this region as stipulated in the pertinent resolutions of the UN General Assembly.

My country reaffirms its adhesion to the efforts made by the international organization and it will remain confident in the choice of our Saharan brothers and respect the free expression of their will.

The demand for liberation which characterizes our epoch is profoundly linked with the demand for development.

I have told you the significance of the efforts made by us internally to this end.

In the external sphere, our action is intimately geared to the framework shaped by our belonging to the Africa and Arab world.

Thus, in a subregional scale, our country is a member of the Organization for the Development of the Senegal River and takes part in the construction of Arab Maghreb.

These two organizations, we think, constitute for us a complementary pole for development.

Convinced that it is beneficial to unite our efforts to overcome the perils imposed upon us by the desert, we are also going to take part in creating an appropriate organization of cooperation with the fraternal countries in our region which have part of their territories in grand Sahara.

In the regional scale, our country, a member of the Economic Community of West Africa, will make efforts to create an economic community involving all the states of west Africa.

Our ambition, in effect, is not only to respond to all parts where the noble demand of friendship calls us in the double plan of Africa and Arab but also to work with ardour for strengthening Arab-Africa complementary work with the conviction that the solidarity of our people offers infinite possibility of prosperity and peace.

This front is indispensable for us because it forms, without doubt, the source of the considerable impulsion in the emancipation of the third world and, furthermore, in the establishment of a more equitable international order in conformity with the ideal recorded in the UN Charter. But only the non-aligned states and some peace-loving countries want to see its concretization, judging from the policy of strength which dominates the international relations.

Considering the unequal rules still dominating the considerable fields of economic relations among nations and considering that such measures as admitting to all the countries the right to freely dispose of their natural resources and revalue the prices of raw materials will help remove the terrible harm of such unequal rules, and considering the squander of immense resources in the mad arms race, the poor and oppressed nations can raise their voice for their fundamental cause to be respected only when they strengthen solidarity, deepening their faith and resolution.

Mr. President,

I have told you what had preoccupied me, which I thought I must speak. But concluding my speech I would like to tell you one more problem which draws our particular attention in the Islamic Republic of Mauritania.

It is, in other words, the painful division of your beloved country still imposed upon you.

Permit me to tell you, in the name of the Mauritanian people, their Party and their government and myself, that this situation is felt by us as an immense wound on the human body.

I once again stress in this regard that we extend full and firm support to all the courageous initiatives taken by you for the indispensable reunification of Korea.

Allow me to simply repeat the profound, ardent hope which I already expressed here in 1967, the hope to see early the brilliant day when the Military Demarcation Line will disappear for good on the map.

I propose a toast:

to the continued development of friendship and cooperation between the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Islamic Republic of Mauritania;

to the prosperity of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the happiness of its people;

to solidarity among the third world's countries;

to the health of President Kim Il Sung and Madame Kim Song Ae;

to the health of the heads of diplomatic missions and their wives; and

to the health of the friends present at the banquet.

(Continued from Page 1)

lowed by President Moktar Ould Daddah.

The banquet proceeded in a cordial atmosphere overflowing with friendly sentiments.

An art performance was given by the Mansudae Art Troupe at the banquet.

On the 22nd, the leader and his wife gave a luncheon in honour of His Excellency President Moktar Ould Daddah and Madame Daddah.

Talks

Talks were held between Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the State of the DPRK, and His Excellency Moktar Ould Daddah, President of the IRM, in Pyongyang on September 21 and 22.

Views were exchanged at the talks on further strengthening and developing the relations of friendship and cooperation between Korea and Mauritania, on the international affairs of common concern and a series of other problems, and there was a complete identity of views on all the matters discussed.

The talks proceeded in a comradely, sincere and friendly atmosphere.

Return Call

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and his wife paid a return call on His Excellency President Moktar Ould Daddah and Madame Daddah on the 22nd.

Present on the occasion were many cadres of our country.

The entourage of President Moktar Ould Daddah were also present.

The leader had a conversation with His Excellency President in a cordial atmosphere of militant friendship.

Welcome Mass Rally

A grand mass rally was held in the Pyongyang Gymnasium to welcome His Excellency President Moktar Ould Daddah on September 22.

Put up with due respect on the platform of the meeting place were a portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great leader of our Party and people, and a portrait of His Excellency Moktar Ould Daddah, President of the IRM and intimate friend of our people.

The portraits were flanked with the national flags of the DPRK and the IRM.

A large number of people in the city attended the rally.

To the loud strains of the welcome music the leader and His Excellency President appeared at the platform.

At the moment the meeting hall resounded with cheers of "manse!" (hurrah) and stormy applause.

The members accompanying His Excellency President Moktar Ould Daddah and Madame Daddah took the platform.

The platform was also taken by the cadres of our country.

Foreign diplomatic envoys in Pyongyang were invited to the rally.

Children presented bunches of fragrant flowers to the leader, His Excellency President and other Mauritanian guests.

The meeting was declared open when the band struck up the national anthem of Mauritania and the Patriotic Song of our country. Kang Hyon Su, Chairman of the Pyongyang City People's Committee, made a welcome speech and then presented a silk banner in the name of the rally to His Excellency President.

His Excellency President Moktar Ould Daddah addressed the rally.

When he returned to his seat after concluding his speech, the leader firmly shook hands with him and hugged him warmly.

The leader and the Mauritanian President raised their clasped hands high, expressing the militant friendship and solidarity of the Korean and Mauritanian peoples. That moment the meeting hall again seethed with stormy cheers and thunderous applause.

The mass rally closed with the playing of the Patriotic Song of our country and the national anthem of Mauritania.

Order-Awarding Ceremony

A ceremony for awarding orders and medals of the DPRK to His Excellency President Moktar Ould Daddah and his entourage was held in Pyongyang on the 22nd.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and his wife were present at the ceremony.

On hand were many cadres of our country.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung awarded Order of National Flag First Class to His Excellency President Moktar Ould Daddah and his wife who performed shining exploits in the anti-imperialist revolutionary cause.

The leader also conferred Orders of National Flag Second and Third Class, Distinguished Military-Service Medal and Merit Medal upon the entourage of the President and suite members.

Order of National Flag Second Class was also awarded to Hamdi Ould Mouknass, Minister of External Affairs, and Souleymane Ould Cheikh Sidya, Ambassador of the Foreign Ministry.

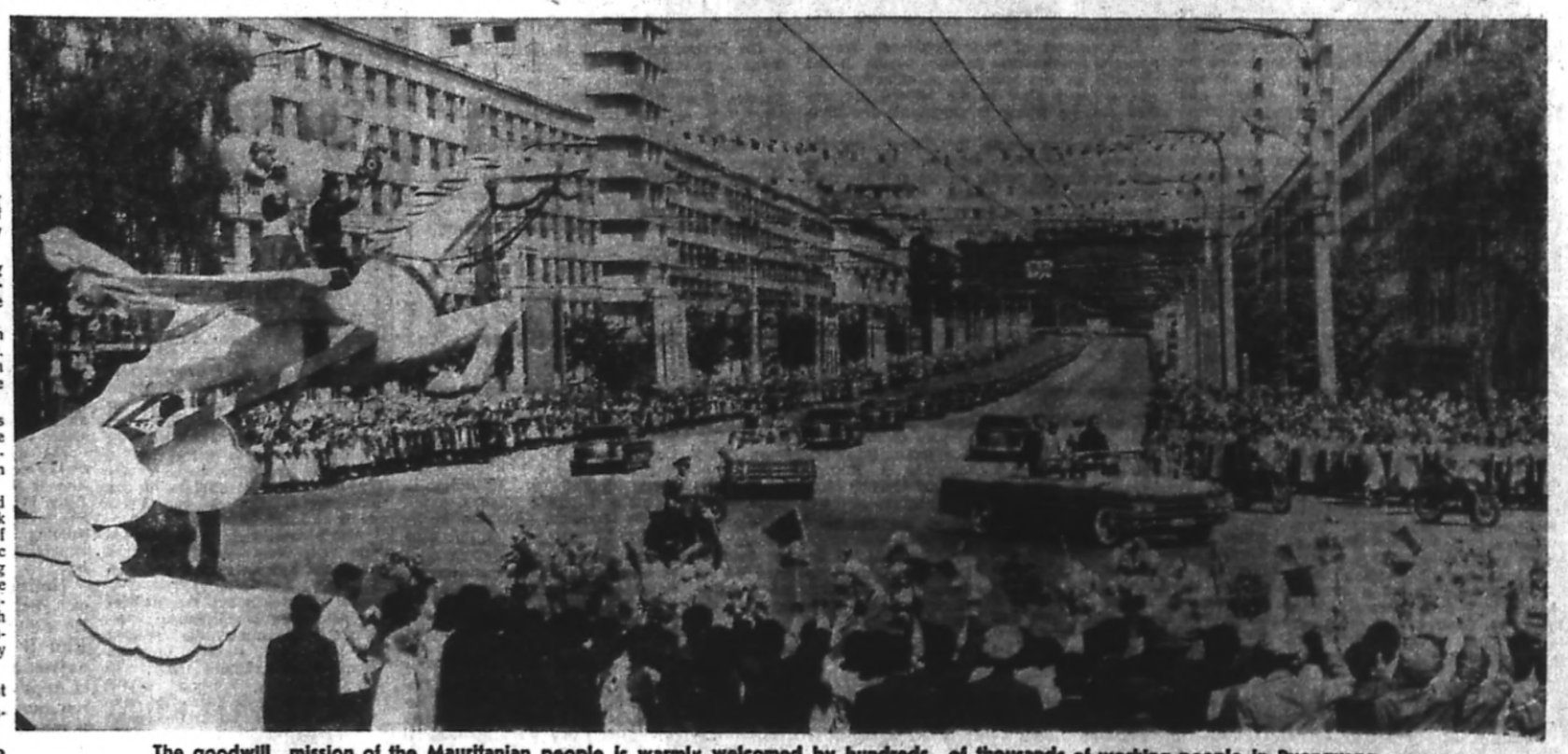
The Mauritanian President expressed deep thanks to the leader, saying that the awarding of orders and medals of the DPRK to them was of very great significance.

Art Performance

The revolutionary opera "The Song of Kumgang-san Mountain" was performed by the Pyongyang Art Troupe at the Pyongyang Grand Theatre on the 22nd in honour of His Excellency President Moktar Ould Daddah.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and his wife saw the performance together with His Excellency President Moktar Ould Daddah and his wife.

(Continued on Page 3)



The goodwill mission of the Mauritanian people is warmly welcomed by hundreds of thousands of working people in Pyongyang

(Continued from Page 1)

the friendship and solidarity between our people and the Argentine people and between our people and the Latin-American people forged in the common struggle against imperialism and for building an independent country.

Manifesting full support to our people's cause of national reunification, the guests stressed: Koera is one and we know only one Korea led by Your Excellency President Kim Il Sung.

Expressing the hope that our third world would record at the earliest date a new history to be created by the great Juche idea which His Excellency President Kim Il Sung founded, the guests sincerely wished good health and a long life to His Excellency President, the great strategist, iron-willed brilliant commander and paragon for all of us.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung answered a number of questions raised by the delegation on the occasion.

The delegation courteously conveyed to the leader a precious gift from Her Excellency Maria Estela Martinez de Peron, President of the Republic of Argentina.

The delegation also presented a gift carrying their best wishes to the leader.

Director of "Daho Express", Government Organ of Dahomey

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, President of the State of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received on September 19 Thomas Meynassan, Director of the "Daho Express", government organ of Dahomey, on a visit to our country.

Present were Chae Jun Byong and Chon Myong Su, personages concerned.

On the occasion, the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung said that he warmly welcomed the visit of the guest to our country and was very glad over the latter's participation in the functions of the national day of our country, and had a talk with the guest in a cordial and friendly atmosphere.

Noting that though the imperialists were being expelled from the colonies by the struggle and under the pressure of the people, their wild design to dominate other countries through a neo-colonialist policy remained unchanged, the leader said that the developing countries in Asia, Africa and Latin America, if they did not want to be caught in the snare of neo-colonialism of the imperialists, should not only unite politically but also strengthen economic cooperation.

Saying that the third world countries could build an independent national economy and make a fast development, if they turned to account their own strength and resources on the principle of self-reliance and strengthened economic and technical interchange and cooperation among the developing countries, the leader said that the third world countries should struggle not only to protect their resources, but also to exploit them and build rich and strong countries by strengthening economic and technical cooperation.

Noting that it was a very good thing for the Dahomey government to put stress on independence, the leader said that our people hoped to go shoulder to shoulder with the Dahomey people in the struggle to consolidate national independence and build a new life and asked the guest to convey the warm greetings of friendship of our people to the Dahomey people, when he returned home.

The guest who was honoured with the audience granted him by the leader said that His Excellency President Kim Il Sung is a great leader who defeated in one generation two imperialisms which had boasted of being the strongest in the world and brought a new birth of Korea and that the leader has armed the people with the great Juche idea, the most powerful weapon in transforming society.

Noting that the reality he witnessed in Korea was a great cause with Juche as its driving force and the Juche idea was a great idea illuminating for the third world people the way to create their history, the guest said that he regarded it his greatest glory to have the honour of arming himself with this great philosophical idea together with the Korean people.

He said that he would remain faithful to the end to the immortal Juche idea, noting that the Juche idea has brought the Korean people liberation and happiness and lights up the road of the people, spreading to every nook and corner of the whole world and bringing beautiful and fragrant flowers into bloom.

The guest said that he would make all efforts to strengthen the friendship and solidarity between the Dahomey and Korean peoples.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung answered a number of questions put by the guest.

All Efforts for Successful Fulfilment of This Year's Plan

IN INDUSTRY

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung taught:

"All the Party members and working people should make a decisive advance in the fulfilment of the Six-Year Plan by vigorously working for the preschedule fulfilment of the national economic plan for this year."

Bearing deep in mind the leader's important teaching our heroic working class are now all out to fulfil this year's plan by October 10 (the founding anniversary of the glorious Workers' Party of Korea).

A vigorous campaign is going on on all fronts of huge socialist construction. The forward move is accelerated under the slogan of "speed campaign" and new innovations are being brought about. The "blitz campaign" and the "finish-one-by-one tactics" are conducted to finish this year's plan before the set time.

The workers and technicians in mining industry are redoubling their efforts to produce greater volume of iron ores. The miners of the Chongdong Mine under the Kangson Iron and Steel Complex carried out their plan for the first half of this year far ahead of schedule, the plan set 1.3 times higher than the result of the same period of last year. Beginning with the second half they keep following this success with the normalization of production. In the recent months the mines in Chagang Province under the Management Bureau of Non-Ferrous Metal Mining Industry have produced ores, 1.3 times higher than the result of the corresponding period of last year.

Particular mention should be made here that by September 8 the miners of the Inryong Mine overfulfilled their plan for this year, the plan set 70 per cent higher than the result of last year.

A great leap forward has also been seen in the field of engineering industry.

The workers of machine-building factories throughout the country drive the forward move to fulfil their assigned tasks of producing large-size machines for this year ahead of the set time.

Beginning with this year everything has been done to introduce hundreds of efficient equipment and thousands of the new suggestions and creative initiative provided by the workers. This has inevitably led to the consolidation of the material and technical foundations and a marked increase in the production of large-size machines. Our machine-building workers in all parts of the country are always full of fighting spirit, vigor and ardor in tackling their jobs. The result is that in seven months the production of large-size machines such as excavator, bulldozer and compressor increased 1.4 times compared with the same period of last year.

In electric power industry, too, spurs are put to the galloping Chollima to get this year's plan out of the way ahead of schedule.

In hydro-electric plants such as Sodusu, Unbong and Hochongang and in thermal power plants including Pyongyang and Unggi, all facilities have been in full operation and new techniques introduced. This was an important factor that enabled them to fulfil the August plan far ahead of schedule. There is no letup, and they go on to achieve fresh success.

A great upsurge in production is also seen in other industrial branches—metal, chemical and building-materials.

IN AGRICULTURE

This year, the 10th anniversary of the publication of the rural theses, there is every prospect of an unusually bumper harvest in our countryside. In this, of course, the credit is solely due to the well-adviced guidance of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

It is expected that many cooperative farms will gather in one or two more tons of rice per *chongbo* as against last year. Particularly, phenomenal changes have been brought about as to mark a new turn in maize cultivation.

Last year in many cooperative farms agricultural production showed an increase of at least 2 times compared with the previous year. And this year's output will be far above the level of last year.

The hearts of our agricultural working people burn with the adamant resolve to remain loyal to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung by carrying this year's farming to successful conclusion and attaining the grain goal of the Six-Year Plan (1971-76) this year, as taught by him.

In view of a vast increase in the volume of haulage and thrash, careful preparations for harvesting are well under way. The existing farm implements are arranged in good shape and new ones made.

Meanwhile, strenuous efforts are made to construct by the end of September thrashing grounds, storehouses and drying-places whose construction is envisaged this year. In recent few days alone, hundreds of thrashing grounds and thousands of storehouses have come into being in various parts of the country.

In some areas harvesting is now in full swing.

Kim Su Yon

(Continued from Page 2)

Invited to see the opera were the guests from Mauritania.

Many cadres of our country and working people in the city saw the performance together with the guests.

When the leader, in company with the Mauritanian President, appeared in the box amid the playing of the welcome music, the entire audience rose from their chairs and warmly welcomed them with cheers of "manse" and prolonged, thunderous applause.

When the performance was over, stormy cheers of "manse" again shook the hall for a long while. **His Excellency President, in company with the leader, mounted the stage and conveyed a basket of flowers to the artists in congratulation of their successful performance and posed for a photograph with them.**

Banquet

In honour of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and his wife, His Excellency President Moktar Ould Daddah and his wife arranged a grand banquet at the Mansudae Assembly Hall on the evening of the 22nd.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and his wife were invited to the banquet.

Many cadres of our country were also invited there.

Diplomatic envoys of various countries in Pyongyang were also invited.

President Moktar Ould Daddah spoke at the banquet.

The respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung spoke next.

The banquet proceeded in a cordial atmosphere overflowing with the feelings of friendship.

At the banquet there was an art performance given by the Mansudae Art Troupe.

Departure from Pyongyang

His Excellency President Moktar Ould Daddah and his wife left Pyongyang on the 23rd by special plane after successfully winding up their itinerary.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great leader of our Party and people, and his wife came out to the airport and extended a hearty farewell to the guests.

The Mauritanian President's suite also left Pyongyang by the same plane.

A grand farewell ceremony was held at the airport.

During his stay in Korea, His Excellency President Moktar Ould Daddah met Yassir Al Farra, Syrian Ambassador to our country, and Mohamed Shafik Sadek Ragab, Charge d'Affaires ad interim of the Egyptian Embassy, and T.A. Hamid, Charge d'Affaires ad interim of the Iraqi Embassy in Pyongyang.

The visit to our country of His Excellency President Moktar Ould Daddah, a prominent statesman of Africa and outstanding leader of Mauritanian people, was an epochal event in deepening the mutual understanding of the two countries and further promoting the relations of friendship and cooperation and strengthening the friendship and solidarity of the third world's peoples.

The members of the Chollima Sambong Co-operative Farm, true to the teaching of the great leader, did everything to put farming on a scientific basis. This brought about record results in grain cultivation this year Photo by Rim Sun Jik

Togolese Government Severs Diplomatic Relations with South Korean Puppet Clique

Togolese President Calls an Extraordinary Meeting of C.C., Rally of the Togolese People

An extraordinary meeting of the Central Committee of the Rally of the Togolese People was held on the morning of September 17, according to a report from Lome. It was presided over by Gnassingbe Eyadema, President of Togo.

The meeting discussed the results of the visit of the President of Togo to Korea and China and decided to sever diplomatic relations with the south Korean puppet clique and expel the south Korean puppet "embassy".

In this connection, the Government of the Republic of Togo made public a statement on September 17, which said:

"Togo can no longer maintain relations with south Korea which still keeps foreign troops, the basic obstacle to the peaceful settlement of the Korean question."

This resolute step taken by the Togolese Government in severing diplomatic relations with the south Korean puppets and expelling the puppet "embassy" is an absolutely just step taken by the President of the Republic of Togo in support of the just revolutionary cause of our people.

The just step of the Togolese Government is a serious blow at the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, the dyed-in-the-wool dual stooge of the US imperialists and the Japanese reactionaries, which is begging for the permanent occupation of south Korea by the US imperialist aggressor forces and desperately obstructing the independent, peaceful reunification of Korea.

This step also shows that the Pak Jung Hi gang of murderers who are further intensifying fascist repression of the south Korean people and groundlessly slandering the DPRK Government are being further isolated from and rejected by the world's people today.

All the facts prove that the DPRK Government whose international prestige is rising daily enjoys more active support from the third world's people and the voice supporting the just revolutionary cause of the Korean people is heard throughout the world.

(KCNA)

"SHOOTING INCIDENT" IS A BIG POLITICAL PLOT

Vice-Chairman of Our Side Denounces Pak Jung Hi Puppet Clique's Treachery to the Nation at the 8th Meeting of NSCC Vice-Chairmen

The eighth meeting of the vice-chairmen of the North-South Co-ordination Commission was held in Panmunjom on September 21, according to the spokesman of our side to the NSCC.

Comrade Ryu Jang Sik, Vice-Chairman of our side, dwelt on the fact that under unwarranted pretexts the south Korean side persistently turned down the fair and reasonable proposal of our side to expand and reorganize the NSCC and is blocking the progress of the dialogue. And, citing concrete instances, he disclosed the fact that the unjust attitude of the south Korean side had something to do with the persons in high authority in south Korea who consistently pursued the splittist policy designed to nullify the North-South Joint Statement.

In particular, he pointed out that the "anti-communist" plots hatched by the south Korean side against us and their splittist policy recently attained their zenith with the so-called "shooting incident" as an impetus.

Further, citing facts, the Vice-Chairman of our side substantiated that the recent "shooting incident" was a despicable political plot of the south Korean bellicose fascists bent on splitting the nation. He exposed and denounced them as follows:

No sooner had the "incident" happened than the south Korean rulers set in motion all the mass com. media at their disposal and vociferously campaigned to shift the responsibility on to our side. Since then their "anti-communist" and "anti-Chongryon" racket (Chongryon—the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan) has been kicked up in a planned way and more viciously than ever.

This is a proof that they caused this "incident" from the beginning to use it for their foul political aim.

All that the south Korean investigation authorities rely on in their plot is the "confession" made by Mun Se Gwang whom they call a "shooter". Even the statement of a person in high authority in south Korea already proved that the "confession" was a forgery. Things came to such a pass where the Japanese investigation authorities declared that they found it impossible to carry on the search using such unreliable data. The farce staged by the south Korean fascist clique is also clearly revealed by the "results of investigation" they announced. Their assertion that Mun Se Gwang "got on board Mangyongbong to receive an instruction" and underwent "shooting exercises" in a hospital is an incoherent lie.

The Vice-Chairman of our side pointed to the fact that the puppet consulate in Osaka, Japan, granted Mun Se Gwang entry visa for his travel to south Korea, though they had previously got from his elder brother a tip hinting his plan for shooting, a queer fact that the consul who had allowed him visa was called back to south Korea right after the "incident" happened and the fact that there are a number of questionable points in connection with Mun Se Gwang's trip to south Korea and his entry into the "meeting hall for ceremony." He went on to say:

There are many other questions that suggest what is behind their plot. Nonetheless, the south Korean investigation authorities "wound up" their search in a hurry, keeping silence on all of these questions, and without proper reason. This fact itself is dubious.

Judging by their method one can clearly see that the "incident" is a plot-breeding drama produced by the south Korean rulers themselves, stressed the Vice-Chairman of our side, and said:

Originally, such a method can be employed only by the south Korean "CIA" which is engaged in murder, destruction and plot-breeding and makes nothing of reversing black and white; it is a habitual method the south Korean rulers resort to whenever they are faced with crisis.

He touched on a number of facts illustrative of this.

This is the truth of the "incident", and nevertheless, the south Korean rulers persist in slandering us and beseeching the Japanese authorities to suppress Chongryon, the Vice-Chairman of our side noted. He bitterly denounced their action as a treacherous move to oppose our side and destroy Chongryon hand in glove with the right-wing reactionaries in Japan.

Pointing out that such a big political intrigue as the recent "shooting incident" is an extension, and the worst type, of the treacherous crime committed by the Pak Jung Hi clique under the slogans of "anti-communism" and "prevail-over-communism" from the time before the start of the dialogue, the Vice-Chairman of our side solemnly warned the present fascists in south Korea, calling them to task for what they had done since their seizure of power—they opposed national reunification, sold off the country and the people to foreign aggressors and indulged in the "confrontation" and competition with the north and pursuing the nation-splitting policy.

The Vice-Chairman of our side declared:

The spirit of the North-South Joint Statement is now overridden and the dialogue has come to a deadlock. As a result, our people are threatened with a serious danger of perpetual national division and war, far from the country's reunification. This is entirely because the south Korean rulers have all along followed the policies of "confrontation", split and war.

The Vice-Chairman of our side strongly demanded the south Korean side to take the following 6-point measure without delay in order to remove the grave difficulties in the way of reunification and normalize the dialogue now on the verge of rupture.

Firstly, to stop pursuing the criminal nation-splitting policy;

Secondly, to renounce the treacherous policy of dependence on the United States and Japan;

Thirdly, to discontinue at once the "anti-communist" campaign and war preparations;

Fourthly, to end the brutal fascist repression and ensure the people democratic rights;

Fifthly, to immediately give up the political intrigue surrounding the "shooting incident";

Sixthly, to accept without delay our reasonable proposal on reorganizing the Co-ordination Commission.

Unable to conceal any longer the shady background of the "shooting incident" on account of the reasonable, perfectly logical assertion of ours the south Korean side was quite at a loss for words and challenged our side, uttering something absurd about our system and order, which had nothing to do with the matters under discussion.

In this connection, the Vice-Chairman of our side emphasized that the social system established in the northern half of the country is the most popular, democratic socialist system of Juche and roundly exposed the reactionary nature of the corrupt, moribund anti-popular ruling system in south Korea.

He strongly held that if the south Korean side had an intention to carry on the dialogue and solve, through it, the question of peaceful reunification of the country, they should not insist on their such untenable arguments but stop the "anti-communist" racket and the fascist repression of the people right away.

The two sides decided to hold the next meeting of the NSCC vice-chairmen in the portion of our side in Panmunjom on November 15.

(KCNA)

South Korean People Rise in the Struggle against Fascism and for Democracy

In south Korea people of all walks of life are vigorously waging a just struggle against Pak Jung Hi fascist dictatorship and for the democratization of society.

"We Cannot Endure Hunger. Raise the Wages!" "Put an End to the Intelligence and Repressive Politics!"

On September 19 over 3,000 workers of the Ulsan Shipyard in South Kyongsang Province rose in a mass uprising for the right to existence and democratic freedom.

They had been forced to back-breaking labour under the war policy of the Pak Jung Hi fascist clique and their elementary right to existence and democratic liberties had mercilessly been trampled down. That day, they, greatly discontented with this, downed tools all at once and surged to the shipyard office.

They staged a collective sit-down strike to press their 14-point demand which included: "We cannot endure hunger. Raise the wages!", "Give us the freedom of forming trade unions!" and "Put an end to the intelligence and repressive politics!"

Flurried by this, the Pak Jung Hi fascist bandits, human butchers, mobilized one thousand and several hundred armed policemen to put down the strike. Lashed into greater fury by this barbarity, the workers fought against the policemen for three hours, showering stones on them. And they set fire to cars of the bandits. They completely occupied the office and smashed the windows and furniture.

Through their fierce struggle the workers of the Ulsan Shipyard won a victory. The owner of the shipyard knelt before the workers and promised them to comply with their requirements though partially.

"Release the Students Who Have Been Submitted for Trial by the Court-martial!"

The patriotic students of south Korea rose again in the just struggle against fascism and for democracy.

On September 18 student leaders of Engineering College under Seoul University launched a signature campaign at the front gate of the college demanding the release of the illegally arrested students. They scattered leaflets carrying in their hands placards reading: "Release the students who are detained on a charge of the violation of the emergency measures!"

In the leaflet they called upon 3,000 colleagues of the Engineering College to join in the signature campaign and strongly demanded all the colleges and universities to reinstate right away those students who were expelled from school for mere reason that they had waged the struggle against the "government" and fascism and for democracy.

Earlier, on the 17th, the students of Koryo University in Seoul had a rally, where they condemned the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique for their savage repression of the people and distributed handbills containing the slogans such as "Release the students who have been submitted for trial by the court-martial!" and "Oppose disgraceful diplomacy towards Japan!"

On the 12th the students of Songgyungwan University staged a demonstration demanding the release of the arrested fellow students.

Religionists Demand Release of Arrested Students and Personages of Various Circles

Religious and political circles are also lifting up voices in protest against Pak Jung Hi again.

On the 15th the Yongrak Church in Seoul distributed among the religious men in the city more than 20,000 written appeals demanding the release of patriotic student youth and the personages of religious and other circles who were illegally arrested and imprisoned by the Pak Jung Hi fascist bandits.

In the appeal they not only called for the immediate release of the arrested personages of various circles but also strongly demanded the freedom of speech.

Earlier, over 1,500 Catholics assembled at a Catholic church in Seoul and demanded the immediate release of the patriotic student youth, bishops, pastors and lawyers who were arrested and imprisoned unreasonably.

The mass uprising of the workers and the righteous struggle of the patriotic student youth and people of different social strata were an explosion of their pent-up resentment and indignation at the notorious "revitalized" dictatorship of the Pak Jung Hi fascist clique and were an expression of their firm resolve to put an end to their fascist terror rule.

With no fraud and repression can the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique block the advance of the patriotic people who have risen in the struggle against fascism and for democracy. (KCNA)

STRONG OPPOSITION TO THE MANOEUVRES OF PAK JUNG HI PUPPET CLIQUE AND JAPANESE AUTHORITIES TO SUPPRESS CHONGRYON

☆☆

The Foreign Ministry of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea issued a statement in connection with the fact that these days the Japanese authorities are more openly stepping up their criminal manoeuvres to suppress Chongryon (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan) in collusion with the south Korean rulers. The statement reads:

Statement of DPRK Foreign Ministry

These days the Japanese authorities have become more undisguised in their criminal machinations to repress Chongryon in league with the south Korean rulers.

According to reports, Vice-President Shiina of the Japan Liberal Democratic Party visited south Korea as a "special envoy" on September 19 in compliance with the shameless demand of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique for suppressing Chongryon in Japan with the "shooting incident" as a plea despite the unanimous denunciation of the Korean and Japanese peoples and the progressive people the world over, and he returned home on the 20th.

In south Korea Shiina conveyed the "personal letter" of Tanaka concerning the "shooting incident" and gave a "verbal explanation" of Tanaka's "personal letter" at several rounds of huddles with the puppets.

He babbled there that "I get it", "It's a pertinent remark" and "I've learned much", answering the nonsensical, malicious slanders of the south Korean puppets against Chongryon and our Republic.

In his "verbal explanation" of Tanaka's "personal letter", he gave a commitment to "rigidly investigate Chongryon" and promised to "control" the activities of Chongryon and officially handed over a document on this, which was signed by the Japanese ambassador to south Korea.

At a press conference held upon his return to Japan, he went so far as to announce that they "cannot be indifferent to the activities of Chongryon", which disclosed his intention more clearly.

This shows that the Japanese authorities are setting out on the road of conspiring with the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique in compliance with their unreasonable demand for oppressing Chongryon with the "shooting incident" as a plea.

The Korean people cannot repress national indignation at the attempt of Shiina, who called the colonial rule of Japanese imperialism over Korea in the past "a glorious thing", to openly stretch the talons of repression again to Chongryon and the Korean citizens in Japan.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the entire Korean people regard the criminal manoeuvres of the Japanese authorities to suppress Chongryon hand in glove with the south Korean fascist clique as an undisguised expression of the hostile policy toward the DPRK, as an intolerable insult to Chongryon, a dignified organization of overseas citizens of our Republic, and the Korean compatriots in Japan and as a challenge to the unbiased public opinion of Japan and the world, and bitterly denounce the manoeuvres.

The frantic "anti-communist" racket raised by the south Korean rulers with the "shooting incident" as an occasion is a political plot concocted in a premeditated way, by the south Korean puppet clique who are isolated and rejected at home and abroad. In this stratagem they want to extricate themselves from this predicament and incite north-south confrontation and aggravate tension in Korea.

The Japanese authorities, however, dispatched Shiina to south Korea to have secret confabs with the south Korean puppet clique, give them a commitment to suppress Chongryon and hand over even a diplomatic document concerning this to them. This is an act encouraging the criminal political intrigues and treacherous acts of the Pak Jung Hi fascist clique.

This is an act diametrically running counter also to the will of the Japanese people who want to strengthen the friendship between the Korean and Japanese peoples and normalize the relations between the two countries.

Chongryon is a dignified, democratic and patriotic organization of overseas citizens of the DPRK which is making a contribution, through its lawful activities, to defending the democratic, national rights of the Korean citizens in Japan, accelerating the cause of national reunification and developing and strengthening the friendly relations between the Korean and Japanese peoples.

The Japanese authorities have no reason or ground whatsoever to apply sanctions against Chongryon and the Korean nationals in Japan who are conducting righteous activities, respecting the laws of Japan, but are duty bound to ensure their basic rights and freedom of social activities in the light of international law and international practice.

In particular, the Japanese authorities are under legal and moral obligations to fully ensure the democratic, national rights of the Korean citizens in Japan in view of the crimes committed by the Japanese imperialists in the past against the Korean people.

It is none other than the south Korean puppet clique who are committing crimes which must be denounced and restrained in Japan. They are wantonly infringing upon the sovereignty of Japan, committing political manoeuvres and all sorts of subversive activities at will in Japan, and are ceaselessly raiding and destroying Chongryon organs and perpetrating political terrorism against Chongryon functionaries and Korean citizens in Japan and kidnapping them.

The DPRK Government and the Korean people sternly warn once again that they will not allow anyone to lay a finger at will on Chongryon and will not overlook any provocation against Chongryon, any persecution and suppression of the Korean compatriots in Japan.

We strongly hold that the Japanese government should unconditionally and thoroughly guarantee the human rights of the Korean citizens in Japan and their democratic, national rights and the freedom of the patriotic and democratic activities of Chongryon.

The Japanese government must give up at once the machinations to antagonize itself against the DPRK and repress Chongryon and the Korean citizens in Japan, in conspiracy with the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique who are isolated from and rejected by the entire Korean people and the world people.

If the Japanese authorities follow the road of suppressing the Chongryon organizations and the Korean citizens in Japan, not deporting themselves discreetly, they will surely meet stern denunciation not only by the entire Korean people but also by the Japanese people and world public opinion, and will have to bear full responsibility for all the consequences arising therefrom.

Pyongyang, September 23, 1974

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Enlarged Meeting of the CC of the DFRF Held

The 62nd Enlarged Meeting of the Central Committee of the Democratic Front for the Reunification of the Fatherland was held in Pyongyang on September 18 to discuss the question of "opposing the plot of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique and the Japanese authorities to wreck Chongryon."

A portrait of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung was placed with due respect on the platform of the meeting hall.

The meeting exposed the fact that the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are kicking up a big row against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and Chongryon over the "shooting incident", a political buffoonery of theirs, and that they are beseeching the Japanese authorities to suppress Chongryon and scheming to implicate them in their dastardly political plot, manipulated by the US imperialists.

The meeting also denounced the Japanese authorities for their involvement in the criminal manoeuvres of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique against Chongryon.

The meeting, in the name of the entire Korean people, expressed its full support for the five-point demand sent to the Japanese authorities by the Central Standing Committee of Chongryon on September 17.

The meeting unanimously adopted a statement of the DFRF Central Committee on decisively frustrating the intrigue of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique and the Japanese militarists to undermine Chongryon, and giving all-out, strong support and encouragement to the righteous patriotic work of the Korean citizens in Japan.

Statement of Chongryon Central Standing Committee Issued

Han Dok Su, Chairman of the Central Standing Committee of Chongryon, held a press conference on September 20 in connection with the fact that the Japanese government had committed the criminal act of sending a "special envoy" to south Korea and giving the Pak Jung Hi fascist clique a "promise" to suppress Chongryon. At the press conference he made public a statement in the name of the Central Standing Committee of Chongryon.

The statement pointed out that in the so-called "personal letter", "memoire of the special envoy" and "supplementary explanation", the Japanese government did not take the trouble to conceal its intention to resort to political suppression against Chongryon, mumbling that it would "strictly control the criminal acts intended to overthrow the 'ROK government'" and "make rigid investigation of Chongryon."

Protesting against and denouncing the Japanese government's action, the statement declared:

This is a grave challenge not only to the Korean citizens in Japan but also to the entire people of Korea and an undisguised expression of its hostile policy toward the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

This is also an act of crudely trampling upon the principles of international law and international practice, and an outrageous act of seriously contravening the Japanese constitution and the national law of Japan stipulating the guarantee of the freedom of speech, the press, association and assembly.

The statement solemnly declared that whatever promise the Japanese government may make to the traitorous Pak Jung Hi clique who can represent none of the Korean people, it is entirely null and void and it is not binding on anyone.

After pointing to the fact that the Pak Jung Hi fascist clique and the Japanese government wound up the bargaining with the direct interference of the US imperialists and at their instigation, it said: this reveals that the Japanese government, ganging up with US imperialism, stoops to any political intrigue and dirty underhand dealings, defying unbiased public opinion and international common knowledge, to encourage the Pak Jung Hi clique and realize its wild ambition for the reinvasion of south Korea.

The statement repeatedly demanded that the Japanese government give up at once all its manoeuvres to suppress Chongryon in league with the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, and fully guarantee the Korean citizens in Japan the elementary human rights and the freedom of social activities.

It also demanded that the Japanese government discontinue obstructing the independent, peaceful reunification of Korea, and fundamentally change its wrong Korean policy.

(KNS-KCNA)

DPRK Admitted to IAEO

The 18th annual general conference of the International Atomic Energy Organization (IAEO) was held recently in Vienna, Austria, according to a report from Vienna.

The September 16 plenary session of the general conference discussed the question of admitting the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to the IAEO and unanimously decided without voting to accept it as a member of this organization.

When the chairman declared open the discussion of the question of the DPRK's entry into the organization at the session that day, representatives of socialist countries, third world's countries and various other countries made speeches warmly supporting its entry into the IAEO.

The proposal on the admission of our country based on the recommendation of the Council, the supreme executive body of the IAEO, passed with a unanimous approval.

The general conference of the IAEO strikingly showed once again that the international position and prestige of the DPRK are rising higher with each passing day and the number of countries supporting it is steadily increasing.

The DPRK's entry into the IAEO made it possible to frustrate the vicious obstructionist manoeuvres of the US-led imperialists and their lackeys against the DPRK, raise higher her authority and prestige in the international arena and further expand cooperation among the member nations of the IAEO.

(KCNA)

KOREA-ARGENTINA FRIENDSHIP ASSOCIATION SET UP

A meeting was held in Pyongyang on September 17 to welcome the visiting delegation of Argentine journalists and form the Korea-Argentina Friendship Association.

Placed with due respect on the platform of the meeting hall were a portrait of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and a portrait of Maria Estela Martinez de Peron, President of the Republic of Argentina. On both sides of portraits the national flags of the two countries were hung.

Attending the meeting with working people in the city were Kim Gwan Sop, Chairman of the Committee for Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries, and personages concerned.

At the meeting Choe Yong Gon, Vice-Chairman of the Committee for Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries, spoke first.

Carlos Ruben Valdes, Secretary-General of the Association for the Exchange of Culture and Press Media of Latin America and the head of the delegation, addressed next.

At the meeting which proceeded in a friendly atmosphere the Korea-Argentina Friendship Association was established. Kim Si Hak, Chairman of the Korean Central Broadcasting Committee, was elected to be the chairman of the association.

Yun Ik

Arab Republic of Yemen: Toward New Victory

Twelve years have elapsed since the Yemeni people proclaimed their country the Arab Republic of Yemen after overthrowing the feudal monarchy on September 26, 1962.

Since proclamation of the Republic the people of this country have waged vigorous struggle to frustrate the interference, subversive activities and sabotages of the imperialists and firmly defend the national independence and dignity, and to achieve the independent development of the country.

As a result, many successes have been gained in all fields of the society, and the country has taken on a new look.

The grain output increased every year and colonial one-sidedness was eliminated to a considerable extent in agriculture, a key branch of the economy of this country.

Also, new factories and enterprises were built in different parts. Production has gone up continuously in the thermal power stations, textile mills, iron works and aluminium, cement and food processing factories.

The backwardness left over by the old society in education, too, has been disappearing step by step. There are more than 1,000 primary, middle and higher schools, and colleges are under construction. The number of students of primary schools increased twice and that of middle schools ten times compared with the time right after the founding of the Republic. The number of middle school teachers has shown a ten-fold increase in recent years.

The Government of the Arab Republic of Yemen strives to achieve unity of the Arab countries and defend the national dignity of the Arab people, and actively supports and encourages the Palestinian people in their sacred cause for liberation.

The Korean people sincerely rejoice over the successes made by the Yemeni people in the struggle for the independent development of the country and actively support the progressive measures and anti-imperialist policy of the ARY Government.

The DPRK and the ARY are far away from each other geographically but the peoples of the two countries are developing the relations of friendship and cooperation, closely linked together for the community of their struggle against imperialism and for independence.

The Yemeni government and people actively support the three principles and five-point proposition for national reunification put forth by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and extend firm solidarity to our people in the just struggle to drive out the US imperialists from south Korea and reunify the country independently. The ARY became one of the co-sponsors of a joint proposal to place for discussion the item on the withdrawal of all foreign troops in south Korea under the UN flag on the agenda of the current 29th session of the UN General Assembly. Our people are much grateful for this.

The Korean people who cherish friendship with the people of the ARY will as ever strive to further develop the relations of friendship and cooperation between the two countries.

The Korean people sincerely hope that the Yemeni people who celebrate the 12th anniversary of the proclamation of the ARY will score fresh success in their struggle.

Chin Bang Hun

Bitterly Denounce Collusion and Tie-up between Japanese Government and South Korean Puppet Clique

A Grand National Rally Held in Japan, Attended by More Than 30,000

The broad sections of the Japanese people are raising ever higher their voices castigating the plot of the traitorous Pak Jung Hi puppet clique and Japanese reactionaries to suppress Chongryon (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan). At such a time the "September 19 grand national rally demanding the Pak 'regime' to immediately release all the political prisoners and the Japanese government and economic circles to fundamentally change their policy toward the 'ROK'" was held in Meiji park of Tokyo on the evening of the 19th and a demonstration followed.

The rally was attended by co-sponsors—Kenji Miyamoto, Chairman of the Presidium of the Central Committee of the Japan Communist Party; Tomomi Narita, Chairman of the Central Executive Committee of the Japan Socialist Party; Yoshikatsu Takeiri, Chairman of the Central Executive Committee of the Komei Party; Shin Aochi, Representative of the "Liaison Council of Japan-South Korea Solidarity"; and Makoto Oda, Representative of the "Council for Rescuing Kim Ji Ha and Others"—and supporters of the co-sponsorship—representatives of social organizations including the Niin Club, the General Council of Trade Unions of Japan, the Neutral Federation of Labour Unions, the Japan Peace Committee, the Japan Scientists Association, the Central Executive Committee for Realization of Abrogation of Japan-US "Security Pact", the National Executive Committee for Opposing Japan-US "Security Pact" and Defending Peace and Democracy, the Japan Constitution Association, the Japan National Council of All Social Strata for Defending Constitution, the Japan-Korea Association, the National Council for Friendship and Normalization of Diplomatic Relations between Japan and Korea and many public figures and people of all walks of life—more than 30,000 in all.

It is the first time in Japan that under the co-sponsorship of various political parties and social organizations a large-scale struggle was launched, irrespective of the differences of political views, ideology and affiliations, to lash at the fascist terrorist rule of the Pak Jung Hi "regime" and to demand a fundamental change in the unwarranted south Korean policy of the Japanese government which zealously backs up the Pak "regime".

The rally was held under the presidency of Shigeru Okamura, Director of the Secretariat of the Neutral Federation of Labour Unions, and Shobe Shioda, Director of the Secretariat of the Japan Scientists Association.

The rally was addressed by Kenji Miyamoto, Chairman of the Presidium of the CC of the Japan Communist Party; Tomomi Narita, Chairman of the CEC of the Japan Socialist Party; Shogo Tada, Vice-Chairman of the CEC of the Komei Party who is its Acting Chairman; Makoto Ichikawa, Chairman of the General Council of Trade Unions of Japan; Yoshitaro Hirano, Chairman of the Japan Peace Committee; Shin Aochi, Representative of the "Liaison Council of Japan-South Korea Solidarity"; and Makoto Oda, Representative of the "Council for Rescuing Kim Ji Ha and Others".

The speakers vehemently lambasted the barbarous fascist suppression by the Pak Jung Hi puppet villains and the criminal plot of the south Korean puppet clique and Japanese reactionaries to suppress Chongryon and strongly called for a fundamental change in the policy of the Japanese government toward the south Korean puppet clique.

The rally adopted, in the name of all the attendants, an appeal which said that an extensive common struggle should be put up against the manoeuvres of the Japanese government which is in league with the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

After the rally the entire attendants staged a powerful demonstration.

In the van of the columns of demonstrators were the Chairman of the Presidium of the CC of the Japan Communist Party, the Chairman of the CEC of the Japan Socialist Party, the Vice-Chairman of the CEC of the Komei Party, the Chairman of the General Council of Trade Unions of Japan and representatives of various social organizations who were carrying the placard with the words: "September 19 grand national rally demanding the Pak 'regime' to immediately release all the political prisoners and the Japanese government and economic circles to fundamentally change their policy toward the "ROK"". The streets of Tokyo overflowed with the demonstrators. The marching columns proceeded like raging waves to the Hibiya park through busy streets and boulevards lined with government buildings.

The slogans of the demonstrators were passionately responded by throngs of Japanese people who stood all along the thoroughfares, a few dozens of kilometres long. The paraders thundered: "Japanese government must stop its 'aid' to the Pak 'regime'", "Japanese government must change its policy toward the 'ROK'", "Let us oppose 'two Koreas' plot", "The Pak 'regime' must set free all the political prisoners", "Don't allow the plot of the Pak 'regime'", "Give up the suppression of Chongryon", "Let us support the independent, peaceful reunification of north and south Korea", "US troops, get out of south Korea" and "Let us smash the 'Japan-South Korea military alliance,'" etc.

As they moved farther ahead, the ranks of demonstrators were expanded and their fighting spirit inflamed.

The broad segments of the Japanese people who participated in the rally and the demonstration evinced their firm resolve to smash the sinister design and brutal suppressive acts of the internal and external reactionaries and to strengthen the militant solidarity of the peoples of Japan and Korea.

(KNS-KCNA)

A grand national rally was held in Japan to denounce the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique's fascist suppression of south Korean people and their vicious political plot and call for the radical change of the Japanese government's policy toward south Korea. The rally was followed by a mammoth demonstration

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